

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS P.O. BOX 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/085,913 02/27/2002		James J. Jakubowski	43231C	3329	
109	7590 05/12/2003				
	CHEMICAL COMP	EXAMINER			
P.O.BOX 1		NILAND, PATRICK DENNIS			
MIDLAND,	MI 48641-1967		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1714	1714	
			DATE MAILED: 05/12/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

145	ŀ	16	-
-----	---	----	---

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
· ·	10/085,913	JAKUBOWSKI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Patrick D. Niland	1714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 €	March 2003					
,—— , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	is action is non-final.					
,		procedution as to the marite is				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-5,7,9 and 11-14 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 7, 9, and 11-14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	oted or b) objected to by the E	xaminer.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application)						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)	_					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
L U.S. Patent and Trademark Office						

Application/Control Number: 10/085913 Page 2

Art Unit: 1714

1. Claims 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- A. It is unclear whether the polydispersity of the instant claims 4-5 is intended to relate to the molecular weight, the particle size, or some other aspect of the latex claimed.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-5, 7, 9, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US Pat. No. 4269748 Nachtkamp et al..

Nachtkamp et al. discloses stable aqueous dispersions of polyurethane having the instantly claimed solids content and organic solvent content and containing external anionic surfactant.

The patentee is silent as to the instantly claimed particle size but does state that the resulting dispersions show the Tyndall effect. Given the ingredients used and the fact that the compositions show the Tyndall effect, it would appear that the patentee's dispersions necessarilly

Application/Control Number: 10/085913 Page 3

Art Unit: 1714

and inherently possess the instantly claimed particle size. See the abstract; column 2, lines 42-68; column 3, lines 45-58; column 4, lines 10-35; column 7, lines 41-64; column 13, lines 35-42; and the remainder of the document. It is noted that the ordinary skilled artisan would have expected that the more soluble systems of the patentee would give smaller particle sizes as well as the instantly claimed polydispersities.

5. Claims 1-5, 7, 9, and 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Pat. No. 4269748 Nachtkamp et al..

Nachtkamp et al. discloses stable aqueous dispersions of polyurethane having the instantly claimed solids content and organic solvent content and containing external anionic surfactant. The patentee is silent as to the instantly claimed particle size but does state that the resulting dispersions show the Tyndall effect. Given the ingredients used and the fact that the compositions show the Tyndall effect, it would appear that the patentee's dispersions necessarilly and inherently possess the instantly claimed particle size. See the abstract; column 2, lines 42-68; column 3, lines 45-58; column 4, lines 10-35; column 7, lines 41-64; column 13, lines 35-42; and the remainder of the document. It is noted that the ordinary skilled artisan would have expected that the more soluble systems of the patentee would give smaller particle sizes as well as the instantly claimed polydispersities. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to use the instantly claimed particle size and polydispersities because such particle sizes are typical of polyurethane dispersions and would have been expected to give a more stable dispersion and coalesce more readily to give a film. It

Application/Control Number: 10/085913 Page 4

Art Unit: 1714

would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to use the emulsifiers of the instant claims 12-14 because they are encompassed by the generic references of the patentee and are well known, commercially available anionic emulsifiers.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick Niland whose telephone number is (703) 308-3510. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan, can be reached on (703) 306-2777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

pn

May 10, 2003

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1714